

(२५) * २४९ श्री.सतिश चव्हाण, श्री.विक्रम काळे, श्री.अमोल मिटकरी, श्री.विक्रांत पाटील, श्री.मिलिंद नावेंकर, श्री.सुनिल शिंदे : सन्माननीय अन्न व औषध प्रशासन मंत्री पुढील गोष्टींचा खुलासा करतील काय :-

- (१) राज्यात अन्न व औषध प्रशासन विभागात सहाय्यक आयुक्त, औषध निरीक्षक व रसायन शास्त्रज्ञ इत्यादींची ७०२ पदे मंजूर असून प्रत्यक्षात केवळ ३७५ अधिकारी कार्यरत असून ५० टक्के पदे रिक्त असल्याचे माहे डिसेंबर, २०२४ च्या दुसऱ्या सप्ताहात निदर्शनास आले आहे, हे खरे आहे काय,
- (२) असल्यास, अन्न व औषध प्रशासन विभागाच्या प्रयोगशाळांतील सहाय्यक आयुक्तांची ४२ आणि औषध निरीक्षकांची ११९ पदे रिक्त असल्याने बनावट औषधांचा तपासणी अहवाल घेण्यास विलंब होत असल्याचे त्याचदरम्यान निदर्शनास आले आहे, हे ही खरे आहे काय,
- (३) असल्यास, अनेक जिल्ह्यांमध्ये औषध तपासणी प्रयोगशाळांमध्ये नमुना घेण्यासाठी एकही औषध निरीक्षक नसल्याने औषधांचे घेतलेले नमुने व बनावट औषधे, गोळ्या यांची तपासणी होत नसल्याने बनावट औषध कंपन्यांवर नियंत्रण राहत नाही, औषध प्रशासनाकडे पुरेसे मनुष्यबळ नसल्याने अन्न व बनावट औषधी गोळ्यांचे नमुने घेण्यासाठी कार्यरत कर्मचाऱ्यांवर कामाचा अतिरिक्त ताण येत असून त्याचा औषध परवाना व औषध तपासणीवर विपरीत परिणाम होत आहे, हे ही खरे आहे काय,
- (४) असल्यास, सदर विभागातील रिक्त पदांमुळे अन्न व औषधांचे नमुने प्रयोग शाळेत तपासणीविना पडून राहतात त्यामुळे भेसळ करणाऱ्यांवर अहवालाअभावी वेळेवर कारवाई करण्यास अडचणी येतात, हे ही खरे आहे काय,
- (५) असल्यास, शासनाने अन्न व औषध प्रशासन विभागाच्या प्रयोगशाळांतील सहाय्यक आयुक्त, औषध निरीक्षकांची आणि कर्मचाऱ्यांची रिक्त पदे तातडीने भरण्याबाबत तसेच प्रयोगशाळेतील नमुने तातडीने तपासून भेसळ करणाऱ्यांविरुद्ध कारवाई करण्याकरीता कोणती कार्यवाही केली वा करण्यात येत आहे,
- (६) नसल्यास, विलंबाची कारणे काय आहेत ?

श्री.नरहरी डिरवाळ : (१) अंशतः खरे आहे.

(२), (३), (४) व (५) सद्यःस्थितीत सहाय्यक आयुक्त (औषधे) संवर्गाची ६७ पदे मंजूर आहेत त्यापैकी ५६ पदे भरलेली असून ११ पदे रिक्त आहेत. महाराष्ट्र लोकसेवा आयोगामार्फत जाहिरात क्रमांक २०२/२०२२, दिनांक १९/३/२०२२ अन्वये सध्या रिक्त व संभाव्य रिक्त पदांकरीता एकूण १५ पदांची जाहिरात प्रसिध्द करण्यात आलेली आहे.

औषध निरीक्षकांच्या मंजूर २०० पदांपैकी १५२ पदे रिक्त आहेत त्यापैकी १०९ पदे भरण्यासाठी दिनांक १२/०२/२०२५ रोजी मागणीपत्र महाराष्ट्र लोकसेवा आयोगास सादर करण्यात आले आहे.

तसेच प्रयोगशाळेतील विश्लेषण रसायन शास्त्रज्ञ यांची १९ पदे व वरिष्ठ तांत्रिक सहाय्यक यांची ३७ पदे भरण्यासाठी परीक्षा पार पडली असून, नेमणूक प्रक्रिया अंतिम टप्प्यात आहे.

प्रयोगशाळेतील नमुने तातडीने तपासून घेण्यासाठी अन्न सुरक्षा बळकटीकरण या योजनेंतर्गत ५८ कंत्राटी तांत्रिक कर्मचाऱ्यांची नेमणूक करण्यात आलेली आहे.

(६) प्रश्न उद्भवत नाही.



महाराष्ट्र शासन

महाराष्ट्र लोकसेवा आयोग

विद्युत गोल्ल फिल्ड, प्लॉट नंबर ३४, सरोवर विहार समोर, सेक्टर ११, सीबीडी बेलापूर, नवी मुंबई-४००६१४ ☎ ०२२-६९३८५९००

Email ID : contact-secretary@mpsc.gov.in Website : https://mpsc.gov.in , https://mpsonline.gov.in

@mpsc_office

@official_mpsc

क्रमांक: एमआयएस-०१२२/प्र.क्र.१/२०२२/२८

दिनांक :- २३ ऑगस्ट, २०२३

-: प्रसिध्दीपत्रक :-

**विषय - : विशिष्ट शैक्षणिक अर्हता आणि / अथवा अनुभवावर
आधारित सरळसेवा भरतीकरीता आयोजित मुलाखतीबाबत.**

सहायक आयुक्त, (औषधे) अन्न व औषध प्रशासकीय सेवा, गट-अ (जाहिरात क्रमांक २०/२०२२) वैद्यकीय शिक्षण व औषधे विभाग या संवर्गाच्या पदभरतीकरीता महाराष्ट्र लोकसेवा आयोगाकडून घेण्यात आलेल्या चाळणी परीक्षेच्या निकालाअंती मुलाखतीकरीता पात्र ठरलेल्या उमेदवारांच्या मुलाखती दिनांक ३१ ऑगस्ट, २०२३ व १ सप्टेंबर, २०२३ रोजी आयोगाच्या नवी मुंबई, सीबीडी बेलापूर कार्यालय येथे आयोजित करण्यात आल्या आहेत.

मुलाखती बाबतचा सविस्तर कार्यक्रम आयोगाच्या संकेतस्थळावर स्वतंत्रपणे जाहीर करण्यात येईल.

ठिकाण : नवी मुंबई

उप सचिव (सरळसेवा - निकाल)
महाराष्ट्र लोकसेवा आयोग

सहायक आयुक्त (औषधे), वैद्यकीय शिक्षण व औषधी द्रव्ये विभाग, गट -अ
Assistant Commissioner (Drugs) , Medical Education and Drug
Department, Group A

परीक्षेचे टप्पे :

लेखी परीक्षा - २०० गुण

मुलाखत - ५० गुण.

-: परीक्षा योजना :-

विषय व सांकेतांक	माध्यम	प्रश्नसंख्या	गुण	कालावधी	दर्जा	प्रश्नपत्रिकेचे स्वरूप
विहित अभ्यासक्रमावर आधारित (९१०)	इंग्रजी	१००	२००	एक तास	पदवी	वस्तुनिष्ठ बहुपर्यायी

अ) नकारात्मक गुणदान -

१) प्रत्येक चुकीच्या उत्तराकरीता २५% किंवा १/४ एवढे गुण एकूण गुणांमधून वजा/ कमी करण्यात येतील.
२) एखाद्या प्रश्नाची एकापेक्षा अधिक उत्तरे दिली असल्यास अथवा ज्या उमेदवाराने उत्तरपत्रिकेत पूर्ण वर्तुळ चिन्हांकित केले नसेल अशा प्रश्नाचे उत्तर चुकीचे समजण्यात येऊन त्या प्रश्नाच्या उत्तराकरीता २५% किंवा १/४ एवढे गुण एकूण गुणांमधून वजा/कमी करण्यात येतील.
३) वरीलप्रमाणे कार्यपध्दतीचा अवलंब करताना एकूण अंतिम गुणांची बेरीज अपूर्णाकात आली तरीही ती अपूर्णाकातच राहिल व पुढील कार्यवाही त्याच्या आधारे करण्यात येईल.
४) एखाद्या प्रश्नाचे उत्तर अनुत्तरितअसेल तर, अशा प्रकरणी नकारात्मक गुणांची पध्दत लागू असणार नाही.

ब) अंतिम गुणवत्ता यादी ही वस्तुनिष्ठ परीक्षेतील व मुलाखतीतील एकत्रित गुणांवर आधारित राहिल.

-: अभ्यासक्रम :-

खालील घटक व उपघटकांचा समावेश असेल.

अनु. क्र.	घटक व उपघटक
1	Physiology, Pathophysiology, Pharmacology and Toxicology:
1.1	Physiology - i) Composition/ function of Blood elements, ii) Coagulation of blood, iii) Blood groups, iv) Blood components, manufacturing, v) Whole human blood (I.P.), vi) Blood bank- operation / requirements.
1.2	Pathophysiology - STD, AIDS, Hypersensitivity, HBSAg.
1.3	Pharmacology - Factors modifying drug action, drugs affecting coagulation. Antihypertensive drugs, Antipyretic, Analgesic, Antitussive, Sedative, Hypnotics, Opioids, NSAIDS, Local Anaesthetics, Chemotherapeutic Agents including Anticancer drugs, Antifungal Agents, Drugs affecting CNS, Antidiabetic drugs, Contraceptive drugs, Hormones, Drugs acting on uterus.
1.4	Toxicology - Classification of poison, chelating agent, heavy metals, antidotes.
2	Microbiology :
	Sterilisation procedure, Aseptic technics, disinfections, pyrogens, LAL Test, Assay of antibiotics/vitamins, biochemical serological, virological technics, BOD, different media, microbial drugs, drug resistance, microbial limit test, pathogenic organism of common occurrence.

3	<p>Biochemistry & Chemistry of drugs / Pharmaceuticals :</p> <p>3.1 DNA, RNA, Nucleic Acid & components, enzymes, metabolism of protein, carbohydrate, lipids, recombinant technology and its application, immunological product-vaccine, sera.</p> <p>3.2 Isomers, Tautomers, fermentation, synthesis of antibiotics, diazo reaction, chemistry of steroids</p> <p>3.3 Dosage forms, sustained release, dosage form, enteric coating, new drugs, parental drugs, Good manufacturing practices, Good laboratory practices, Routes of administration, Preservatives, suspending / emulsifying agents. Types of vehicles / types of waters, storage conditions for pharmaceuticals.</p> <p>3.4 Principal and application of analysis, UV spectra / I.R./HPLC /GLC / Atomic absorption, HPTLC, LCMS, limit test, heavy metals, devices, sutures.</p> <p>3.5 Surgical - Medical devices sutures</p> <p>3.6 Law -DCC, DTAB, Misbranded, standard, spurious, adulterated drugs definitions, Government Analyst duties, Inspector - power / procedure, definition schedule M/Y/ U</p>
4	<p>General Knowledge related to Pharmaceuticals / Medicine field:</p> <p>01) National Health Programme, 02) DPCO / NPPA, 03) Narcotic Drugs, 04) Poisons - Antidotes, 05) Essential Drugs, 06) Central Drug Authority 07) Neutraceuticals, 08) Magic remedies - Act and Rules, 09) Import of Drugs and Cosmetics, 10) Central Drug Laboratory, 11) WHO - GMP - entification, 12) Current events. 13) Consumer Protection Act, 14) Right to Information Act.</p>
5	<p>Intelligence Test:</p> <p>Questions will be asked to test how far candidates can think quickly and accurately.</p>

दिनांक – १० नोव्हेंबर, २०२२

अवर सचिव
महाराष्ट्र लोकसेवा आयोग

**औषध निरीक्षक, अन्न व औषध प्रशासन, गट-ब
वैद्यकीय शिक्षण व औषधी द्रव्ये विभाग.
Drugs Inspector, Food and Drugs Administration, Gr.-B
Medical Education & Drugs Department.**

परीक्षेचे टप्पे : लेखी परीक्षा - २०० गुण,

मुलाखत - ५० गुण.

-: परीक्षा योजना :-

विषय व संकेतांक	प्रश्नसंख्या	गुण	कालावधी	दर्जा	माध्यम	प्रश्नपत्रिकेचे स्वरूप
विहित अभ्यासक्रमावर आधारीत (९१०)	१००	२००	एक तास	पदवी	इंग्रजी	वस्तुनिष्ठ बहुपर्यायी

निगेटिव्ह गुणदान – प्रत्येक चार चुकीच्या उत्तरांसाठी एका प्रश्नाचे गुण वजा करण्यात येतील.

अंतिम गुणवत्ता यादी ही वस्तुनिष्ठ परीक्षेतील व मुलाखतीतील एकत्रित गुणांवर आधारीत राहिल.

-: अभ्यासक्रम :-

खालील घटक व उपघटकांचा समावेश असेल

Sr. No.	Topic
1)	Physiology, Pathophysiology, Pharmacology and Toxicology:
1.1	Physiology- i) Composition/ function of Blood elements, ii) Coagulation of blood, iii) Blood groups, iv) Blood components, manufacturing, v) Whole human blood (I.P.), vi) Blood bank- operation / requirements.
1.2	Pathophysiology- STD, AIDS, Hypersensitivity, HBSAg.
1.3	Pharmacology - Factors modifying drug action, drugs affecting coagulation. Antihypertensive drugs, Antipyretic, Analgesic, Antitussive, Sedative, Hypnotics, Opioids, NSAIDS, Local Anaesthetics, Chemotherapeutic Agents including Anticancer drugs, Antifungal Agents, Drugs affecting CNS, Antidiabetic drugs, Contraceptive drugs, Hormones, Drugs acting on uterus.
1.4	Toxicology - Classification of poison, chelating agent, heavy metals, antidotes.
2)	Microbiology :
	Sterilisation procedure, Aseptic technics, disinfections, pyrogens, LAL Test, Assay of antibiotics/vitamins, biochemical serological, virological technics, BOD, different media, microbial drugs, drug resistance, microbial limit test, pathogenic organism of common occurrence.
3)	Biochemistry & Chemistry of drugs / Pharmaceuticals :
3.1	DNA, RNA, Nucleic Acid & components, enzymes, metabolism of protein, carbohydrate, lipids, recombinant technology and its application, immunological product-vaccine, sera.
3.2	Isomers, Tautomers, fermentation, synthesis of antibiotics, diazo reaction, chemistry of steroids
3.3	Dosage forms, sustained release, dosage form, enteric coating, new drugs, parental drugs, Good manufacturing practices, Good laboratory practices, Routes of administration, Preservatives, suspending / emulsifying agents. Types of vehicles / types of waters, storage conditions for pharmaceuticals.

	3.4	Principal and application of analysis, UV spectra / I.R./ HPLC /GLC / Atomic absorption, HPTLC, LCMS, limit test, heavy metals, devices, sutures.
	3.5	Surgical - Medical devices sutures
	3.6	Law - DCC, DTAB, Misbranded, standard, spurious, adulterated drugs definitions, Government Analyst duties, Inspector - power / procedure, definition schedule M/Y/ U.
4)	General Knowledge related to Pharmaceuticals / Medicine field:	
	01)	National Health Programme.
	02)	DPCO / NPPA,
	03)	Narcotic Drugs,
	04)	Poisons – Antidotes.
	05)	Essential Drugs,
	06)	Central Drug Authority
	07)	Neutraceuticals,
	08)	Magic remedies - Act and Rules,
	09)	Import of Drugs and Cosmetics,
	10)	Central Drug Laboratory,
	11)	WHO - GMP - entification,
	12)	Current events.
	13)	Consumer Protection Act,
	14)	Right to Information Act.
5)	Intelligence Test: Questions will be asked to test how far candidates can think quickly and accurately.	

दिनांक : १५/१२/२०१५

(चं. वि. पवार)
अवर सचिव
महाराष्ट्र लोकसेवा आयोग

Ideal Pharmacy Coaching

DRUG INSPECTOR

Central and Statewise Solved Previous Year Question Papers
1998-2022



Highlights

- Criteria for Drug Inspector post
- Interview and Selection Guidance
- Central & State Level Examination Question Papers With full advertisement & Syllabus Copies
- Valid and updated answer keys
- Last 45 Years Question Papers
- With 10 sample practice question papers

45
Years Solved
Papers

6500⁺
Questions



By National Pharma Author
P.V.THORAT



ACME[®]
AUTHORS

CONTENT

About Drug Inspector

1.	Introduction of Drug Inspector	11
2.	Introduction to Duties & Powers of Drugs Inspector	12
3.	Preparation for Joining as Drugs Inspector	16
4.	Drug Inspector Examination Standard Booklist	18

Central Level Drug Inspector Exams

5.	Advertisement, Syllabus Notification	20
6.	Union Public Service Commission (UPSC) D.I. Examination - 2019	22
7.	Union Public Service Commission (UPSC) D.I. Examination - 2015	34
8.	Union Public Service Commission (UPSC) D.I. Examination - 2011	44

State Level Drug Inspector Exams

Maharashtra State

9.	Advertisement, Syllabus Notification	55
10.	Maharashtra Public Service Commission (MPSC) D.I. - 2014	57
11.	MPSC Assistant Commisionar (Drug)- 2012	67
12.	Maharashtra Public Service Commission (MPSC) D.I. - 2008	84

Gujarat State

13.	Advertisement, Syllabus Notification	96
14.	Gujarat Lecturer Examination - 2010	98
15.	Gujarat Drug Inspector Examination - 2010	105
16.	L.M. College of Pharmacy Gujarat Asst. Proffesor - 2016	111
17.	Gujarat Public Service Commission (GPSC) D.I. - 2011	117
18.	Gujarat Asst. Commissioner Food & Drug Control Administration - 2021	123
19.	Gujarat Joint Commissioner Food & Drug Control Administration - 2021	136
20.	Gujarat Deputy Commissioner Food & Drug Control Administration - 2021	149

Tamil Nadu State		
21.	Advertisement, Syllabus Notification	164
22.	Tamil Nadu Public Service Commission (TNPSC) D.I. - 2019	173
23.	Tamil Nadu Drug Inspector Examination - 2012	193
24.	Tamil Nadu Drug Inspector Examination - 2009	206
25.	Tamil Nadu Drug Inspector (Chemistry) Examination - 2019	219
26.	Tamil Nadu Drug Inspector (Pharmaceutical Chemistry) Examination - 2018	232
27.	Tamil Nadu Drug Inspector Examination - 2018	245
Rajasthan State		
28.	Advertisement, Syllabus Notification	259
29.	Rajasthan Drug Control Officer (DCO) - 2012	261
30.	Rajasthan Drug Inspector Examination - 1996	267
31.	Rajasthan University of Health Science, Jaipur (DCO)- 2018	274
Madhya Pradesh State		
32.	Advertisement, Syllabus Notification	282
33.	Madhya Pradesh Drug Inspector Examination - 2017	285
34.	Madhya Pradesh Drug Inspector Examination - 2012	298
Himachal Pradesh State		
35.	Advertisement, Syllabus Notification	312
36.	Himachal Pradesh Drug Inspector Examination - 2021	313
37.	Himachal Pradesh Drug Inspector Examination - 2020	320
38.	Himachal Pradesh Drug Inspector Examination - 2011	327
39.	Himachal Pradesh Drug Inspector Examination - 2016	334
Odisha State		
40.	Advertisement, Syllabus Notification	342
41.	Odisha Drug Inspector Examination - 2012	344
Bihar State		
42.	Bihar Drug Inspector Examination - 2008	351
43.	Bihar Drug Inspector Examination - 1998	362

Kerala State		
44.	Advertisement, Syllabus Notification	370
45.	Kerala PSC Drug Inspector Examination - 2017	372
Andhra Pradesh State		
46.	Advertisement, Syllabus Notification	378
47.	Andhra Pradesh Drug Inspector Examination - 2012	380
48.	Andhra Pradesh Drug Inspector Examination - 2012	397
49.	Andhra Pradesh Drug Inspector Examination - 2018	407
Chhattisgarh State		
50.	Advertisement, Syllabus Notification	416
51.	Chhattisgarh Drug Inspector Examination - 2015	417
52.	Chhattisgarh Drug Inspector Examination - 2009	428
Haryana State		
53.	Advertisement, Syllabus Notification	436
54.	Haryana Drug Control Officer (DCO) - 2019	440
Jharkhand State		
55.	Advertisement, Syllabus Notification	449
56.	Jharkhand Public Service Commission (GPSC) D.I. - 2013	450
Meghalaya State		
57.	Advertisement, Syllabus Notification	483
58.	Meghalaya Drug Inspector Examination - 2019	484
Assam State		
59.	Advertisement, Syllabus Notification	495
60.	Assam Drug Inspector Examination - 2022	496
Goa State		
61.	Advertisement, Syllabus Notification	503
62.	Goa Drug Inspector Examination - 2020	504
CDSCO		
63.	CDSCO (Medical Devices) Drug Inspector Examination - 2018	513

Karnataka State		
64.	Karnataka Drug Inspector Examination - 2018	523
Sikkim State		
65.	Advertisement, Syllabus Notification	532
66.	Sikkim Drug Inspector Examination - 2020	534
Practice Question Set		
67.	Practice Test - 1	544
68.	Practice Test - 2	548
69.	Practice Test - 3	552
70.	Practice Test - 4	556
71.	Practice Test - 5	560
72.	Practice Test - 6	564
73.	Practice Test - 7	568
74.	Practice Test - 8	572
75.	Practice Test - 9	576
76.	Practice Test - 10	580

ABOUT DRUG INSPECTOR

Introduction of Drug Inspector

As you know that day by day number of new drug are coming in the market, patients may consume drugs and medications on a large and it is essential for professionals to make sure that they are being produced safely While following all the necessary GMPs, guidelines, and protocols.

Drugs Inspectors are qualified Professionals who work in the manufacturing and distribution sector of drugs and are responsible for auditing and checking the quality of drugs to make sure that they are safe for public Consumption and do not have any detrimental Side effect on the human body.

Qualification Required for Drug Inspector

Aspirants should hold bachelor's degree (B.Pharmacy) in Pharmacy Or Pharmaceutical Science or medicine with specialization in clinical Pharmacology or microbiology from a University established in India by law:

Provided that only those Inspectors :-

1. Who have not less than 18 months experience in the manufacturing of at least one of the substances specified in Schedule C. (or) C1
2. who have gained experience of not less than 03 years in the inspection of firms manufacturing any of the Substances specified in schedule C during the tenure of their services as Drug Inspectors', Shall be authorised to inspect the manufacture of the Substances mentioned in Schedule C.
3. Applicants should be Indian citizens.

When the Drug Inspector written test is conducted ?

The Examination notification is vary from States (PSCs) to states its depends upon the vacancy matrix or vacant Seats of respective PSCs

To get the notification update you can visit the all states official State Public Services Commission Official websites and also visit our telegram channel (@idealpharmacycoaching)

Selection process of Drug Inspector

1. The first Step of Selection of Drug Inspector is Witten test
2. The next step will be interview or viva but in some States. "Second Step (Interview) is not necessary.
3. The written test will comprise of objective type of questions, exam pattern and syllabus of the exam will vary as per the respective authority those who conduct the exam.
4. There will be two papers,one paper will be Domain (pharmacy Subject) Oriented and the other will be based on non-Domain (Non-Pharmacy) including general Knowledge and general science.

How to prepare for Drug inspector exam and Interview ?

Before starting the preparation of drug Inspector, aspirants must know about the experience criteria and (experience required Some PCs exams) and eligiblity criteria according to the advertisement.

After fulfilling all the essential checks,Aspirants go through all standard books (All standard Books, Booklist given by P.V.THORAT on page no.18 of this book) and Standard reference sources.

you can also checks our Telegrams account (link: @idealpharmacycoaching) we daily upload exam-related notes and job updates

As part of preparation Aspirants also must go through the previous years Question papers for step - I (theory exam) to know the exact Pattern of exam, it will also helpful to Analyse the actual depth and hardness of the exam.

Self-evaluation and daily practice of Question papers is a must, so as to Know the weaker areas during the preparation of Drug Inspector.

What is Drug Inspector?

According to Drugs and Cosmetics Act, 1940, "Inspector" means:

- i) in relation to [Ayurvedic, Siddha or Unani] drugs, an Inspector appointed by the Central Government or a State Government under Section 33G; and
- ii) in relation to any other drug or cosmetic, an Inspector appointed by the Central Government or a State Government under Section 21.

Section 21. Inspectors

- 1) The Central Government or a State Government may, by notification in the Official Gazette, appoint such persons as it thinks fit, having the prescribed qualifications, to be Inspectors for such areas as may be assigned to them by the Central Government or State Government, as the case may be.
- 2) The powers which may be exercised by an Inspector and the duties which may be performed by him, the drugs or classes of drugs or cosmetics or classes of cosmetics in relation to which and the conditions, limitations or restrictions subject to which, such powers and duties may be exercised or performed shall be such as may be prescribed.
- 3) No person who has any financial interest in the import, manufacture or sale of drugs or cosmetics shall be appointed to be an Inspector under this section.
- 4) Every Inspector shall be deemed to be public servant within the meaning of Section 21 of the Indian Penal Code (45 of 1860), and shall be officially subordinate to such authority having the prescribed qualifications, as the Government appointing him may specify in this behalf.

Section 22. Powers of Inspectors

- 1) Subject to the provisions of Section 23 and of any rules made by the Central Government in this behalf, an Inspector may, within the local limits of the area for which he is appointed,
 - a) inspect
 - i) any premises wherein any drug or cosmetic is being manufactured and the means employed for standardizing and testing the drug or cosmetic;
 - ii) any premises wherein any drug or cosmetic is being sold, or stocked or exhibited or offered for sale, or distributed;
 - b) take samples of any drug or cosmetic
 - i) Which is being manufactured or being sold or is stocked or exhibited or offered for sale, or is being distributed;
 - ii) from any person who is in the course of conveying, delivering or preparing to deliver such drug or cosmetic to a purchaser or a consignee;
 - c) at all reasonable times, with such assistance, if any, as he considers necessary
 - i) search any person, who, he has reason to believe, has secreted about his person, any drug or cosmetic in respect of which an offence under Drugs and Cosmetics Act, 1940, or is being committed; or
 - ii) enter and search any place in which he has reason to believe that an offence under Drugs and Cosmetics Act, 1940, or is being, committed; or
 - iii) stop and search any vehicle, vessel or other conveyance which, he has reason to believe, is being used for carrying any drug or cosmetic in respect of which an offence under Drugs and Cosmetics Act, 1940, or is being, committed, and order in writing the person in possession of the drug or cosmetic in respect of which the offence has been, or is being, committed, not to dispose of any stock of such drug or cosmetic for a specified period not exceeding twenty days, or, unless the alleged offence is such that the defect may be removed by the possessor of the drug or cosmetic, seize the stock of such drug or cosmetic and any substance or article by means of which the offence has been, or is being, committed or which may be employed for the commission of such offence;
 - iv) examine any record, register, document or any other material object found with any person, or in any place, vehicle, vessel or other conveyance referred to in Clause (c) and seize the same if he has reason to believe that it may furnish evidence of the commission of an offence punishable under this Act or the rules made thereunder;
 - v) require any person to produce any record, register, or other document relating to the manufacture for sale or for distribution, stocking, exhibition for sale,

ABOUT DRUG INSPECTOR

Preparation for Joining as Drug Inspector

Drugs Inspector examination paper is a multiple-choice, objective type paper, which creates confusion among given choices. As there is limited time to solve the questions, the hurry and excitement generated, results in silly mistakes. First one should understand a question, read all given choices and then choose the right one. One method to save time is to first tick a set of 25 or 50 questions with right answers on the question paper and then filling in the relevant circles in the answer sheet, as it saves time. Solving questions and filling circles on answer sheet, one by one, not only takes time, but also diverts concentration.

Areas to be focus during theory Preparation

- A. first read all the syllabus carefully
- B. Start your preparation from standard books (book list mentioned in our book)
- C. After completion or revision of theory portion go for previous Year Question papers, Solve and analyse each and every question including four Options
- D. Solving of Previous year question paper it will help you to know the pattern of question paper, hardness of or depth of question.
- E. After Daily practice of questions is useful to know Your weak areas during solving question papers, it also helpful to know which Subject is important and on which portion the examiner focus.
- F. As per my experience in analysis of previous years question papers of drug Inspector following some important Points, topics that should be most important to cover by students :
 - i. Pharmacy Act 1940 and Rules 1945, along with other Act and their years of amendments
 - ii. Schedules
 - iii. important definations
 - iv. Drugs banned in India and posology
 - v. Recent gazetter of govt. Of India related to Pharmaceutical fields.
 - vi. All important authorities with their composition and functions.
 - vii. GATT agreement
 - viii. intellectual property Rights (IPR)
 - ix. Patents
 - x. Clinical trials.
 - xi. CDSCO
 - xii. Basics of Biologicals and Blood Bank divisions can be looked up in the latest edition of Indian pharmacopeia (*For more detail you can go through affical Syllabus copy)

What is Interview ?

Interview is nothing but "personality Test" that is aimed to assess the candidates Personality and whether he/she is suitable for the required post or not.

During interviews Candidate is tested not only for his/her intelligence, but also for his/her Overall personality development, integrity, leadership, balance of Judgement, honesty and attentiveness.

Appearance during interview....?

- i) Dress appropriately for the position that applied for
- ii) our proffession is so professional so try to dress like the people who work there would dress if they were representing their organization at some function.
- iii) Make sure that you are clean, neat and we'll groomed.
- iv) Interviewers do notice your appearance, and first Impressions are crucial In an interview.

About Interview panel?

- 1) Mostly 3-4 persons from different areas, related to the post to be filled are Positioned on the interview panel.
- 2) They are usually persons from UPSC, Pharmaceutical Industry and from other Pharma related department.

Expected question during Interview

1. Basic 'introduction of yourself
2. Relating to your current job profile.
3. Relating to Post
4. Relating to Advertisement for the post.
5. why do you want to be a Drug Inspector (most commonly asked question)
6. For current scientific / political / social-events always read the news paper on the day of the Interview)

Some useful tips for Successful interviews;

1. Always be positive
2. to have positive body language
3. Never offer negative information about yourself
4. To have a good personal appearance and ensuring the right posture
5. keep you eyes on the interviewer.
6. To answer questions clearly and confidently If you don't understands a question, always ask for clarification.
7. Be aware of body language and verbal mannerism.
8. Not getting into long-winded explanations, answering to the points.
9. To remain calm and composed even when faced with provocative questions .

Things to avoid at the interview

1. Avoid the expression, "I am sorry"
2. Do not give long introduction, come straight to the heart of the matter.
3. Do have high confidence and every level, but don't be over aggressive
4. Don't say anything negative about former

colleagues, supervisors, or your previous background in job profile.

5. Don't be soft spoken, project confidence in your voice
6. Don't go into to much detail about your Personal issue or family problems.

Some Common interview questions

1. Tell about yourself?
2. What is your name?
3. What is the meaning of your name?
4. What you have done? (about your qualifications)
5. Why did you leave your last job?
6. Why do you want to change the job?
7. Why you want to join this positing?
8. What experience do you have in this field?
9. What Subjects you have read?
10. What are your strenstrength and weaknesses?
11. Why are you leaving your current position?
12. What have you done to improve your Knowledge in the last year?
13. What is the salary you are looking for this position?
14. What do you think makes you best qualified for the position?
15. Are you applying for other jobs?
16. Where do you see yourself in five to ten years?
17. What are your hobbies?
18. Tall me subjects of your choice?
19. Is one of the major issues facing Pharmacy today?
20. Why you want to become drug Inspector?